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passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 213 steerage passengers and 32 pieces of large baggage. Four hundred and twenty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

August 10, the steamship *Karamania*, of the Anchor Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 174 steerage passengers and 22 pieces of large baggage. Two hundred and sixty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

August 11, the steamship *Georgia*, of the Hamburg-American Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 284 steerage passengers and 36 pieces of large baggage. Three hundred and sixty-two pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

Smallpox at Naples.

During the week ended August 11, 1901, there were officially reported at Naples 123 cases of smallpox with 26 deaths.

Plague in Turkey and Egypt.

From Constantinople, there were reported, last week, 3 cases of plague. Two of these, 1 of which died, were at Stambul.

Reports from Egypt give the number of cases of plague in Egypt at that time as 13. The distribution is as follows: Eight at Zagazig, 3 at Alexandria, and 2 at Port Said. Since April 7, 1901, there have been 104 cases of plague in Egypt with 44 deaths.

Respectfully,

J. M. EAGER,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama—Case of cholera in Yokohama—Plague in Formosa.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, *August 3, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that, since my report of July 24, there has been no occurrence of plague within the limits of Japan proper. Under date of July 30, the governor of Formosa states that plague still continues epidemic, and gives the total number of known cases of this disease in the island as 4,274 to date, from January 1, this year, the mortality being 3,385.

A case of possible cholera was detected in Yokohama July 31, but has not proved fatal, and no further suspicious case has arisen in connection with it.

A small number of people have been attacked by dysentery during the past week, in this city. The fact that the supply of good water from the waterworks is, at present, entirely insufficient, may have something to do with this appearance of the malady.

Respectfully,

STUART ELDRIDGE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.